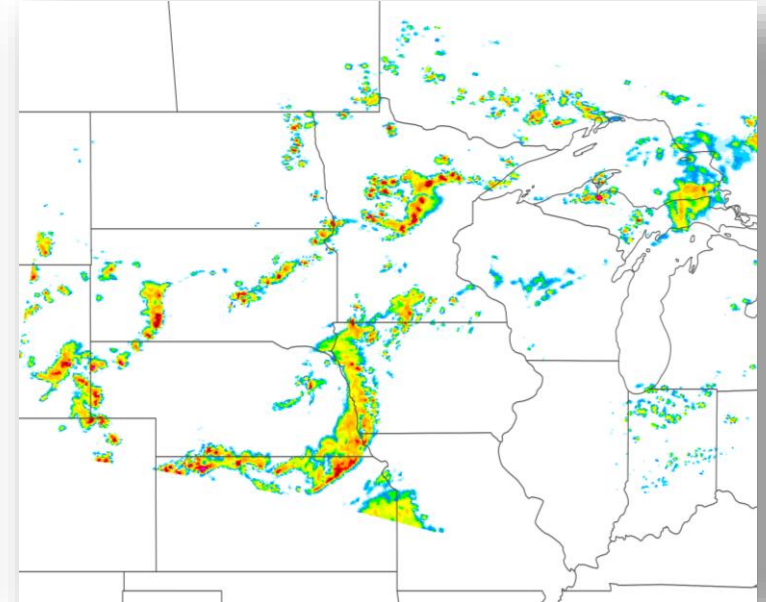
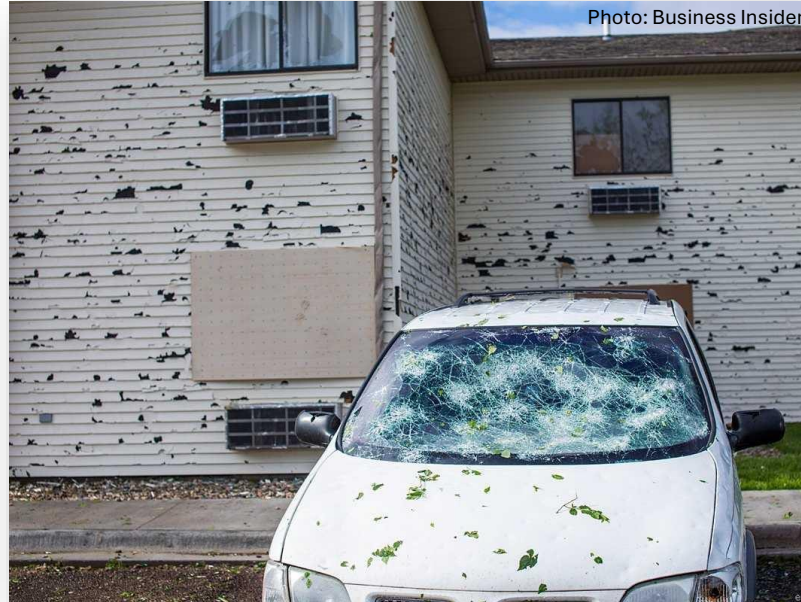


# A Dynamics-Informed Open-Source Hail Stochastic Event Set



**Lead PI: Daniel Wright, Civil and Environmental Engineering**

**Collaborators: Matthias Katzfuss, Statistics; Aaron Alexander, Civil and Environmental Engineering**

**University of Wisconsin**



**Northern Illinois  
University**

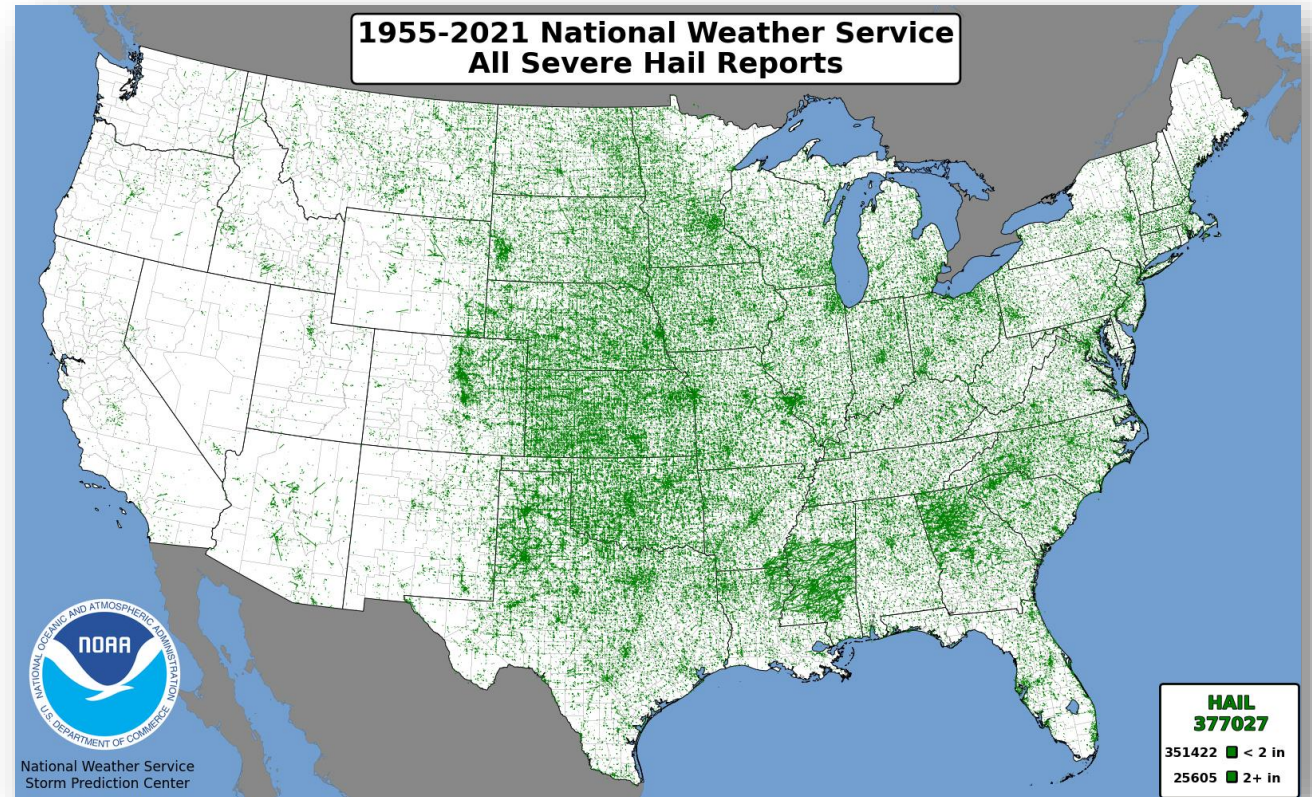
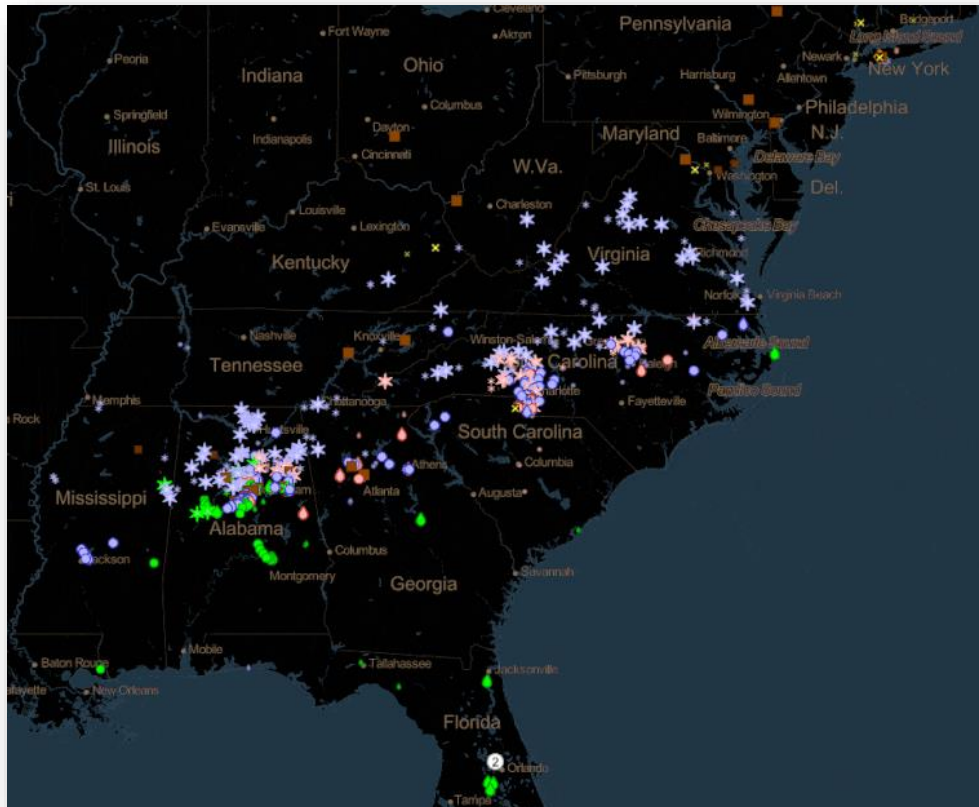


**WISCONSIN**  
UNIVERSITY OF WISCONSIN-MADISON



# What's the problem?

- We can't accurately quantify hail extent and probability, particularly in forward-looking applications such as catastrophe modeling



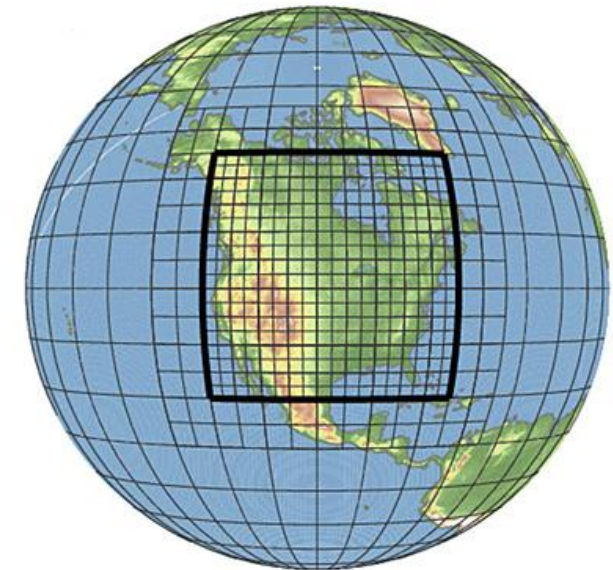
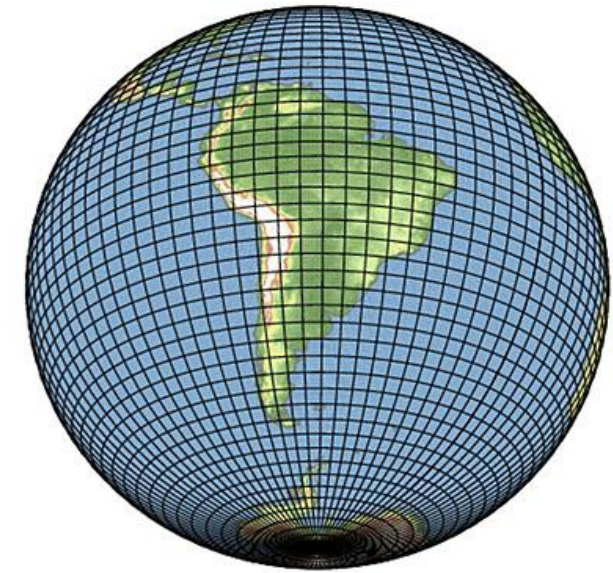
# Need and Industrial Relevance

Peril	Insured losses	
	H1 2024	H1 2023
Severe convective storms	\$42bn	\$37bn
Flooding	\$8bn	\$3bn
Winter weather	\$4bn	\$3bn
Wildfire	\$2bn	n/d
European windstorm	\$1bn	n/d
Earthquakes	n/d	\$6bn
Drought	n/d	\$1bn
Tropical cyclone	n/d	\$1bn

Source: Aon

## Changes in built environment & climate are driving up hail losses

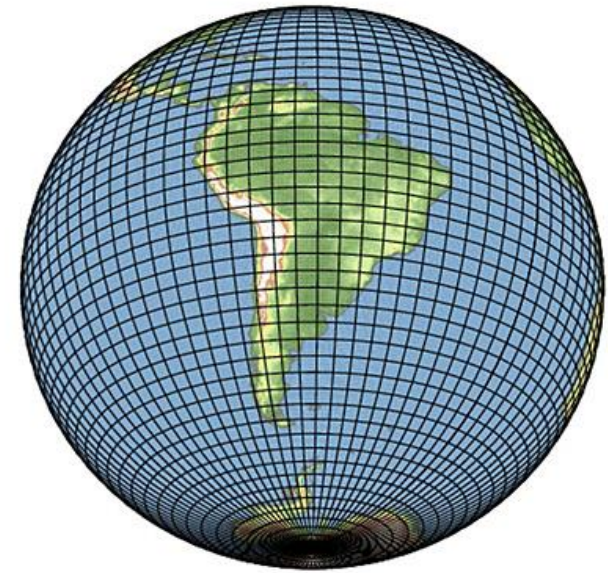
- Pricing risk based on historical experience is becoming problematic
- Hail observations are too incomplete & vague (geographical reporting bias, “golf-ball sized”) to estimate return periods
- Atmospheric models can in theory fill those gaps, but both regional and global models have specific shortcomings



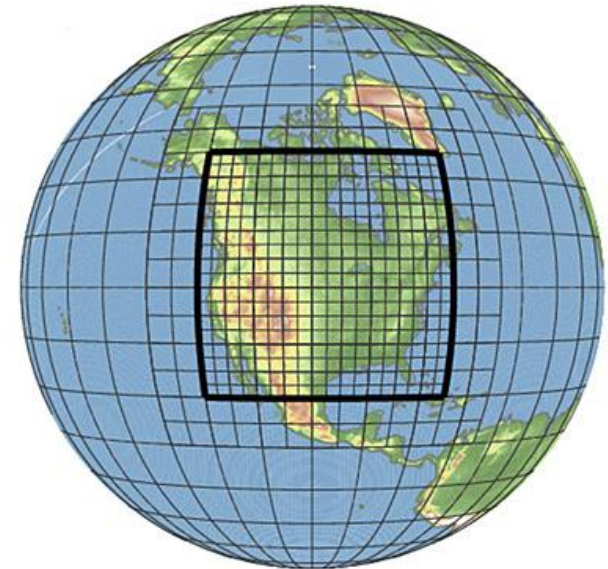
# Project Vision / Impact

- This project will generate a large (~1,000,000) set of realistic hailstorms, leveraging existing high-resolution regional and global climate model simulations
- Supports prediction of hail return periods and impacts (for cat modeling, etc.) under past, present, and future conditions

**Global Models:**  
Computationally fast (many decades of simulations/scenarios), coarse resolution



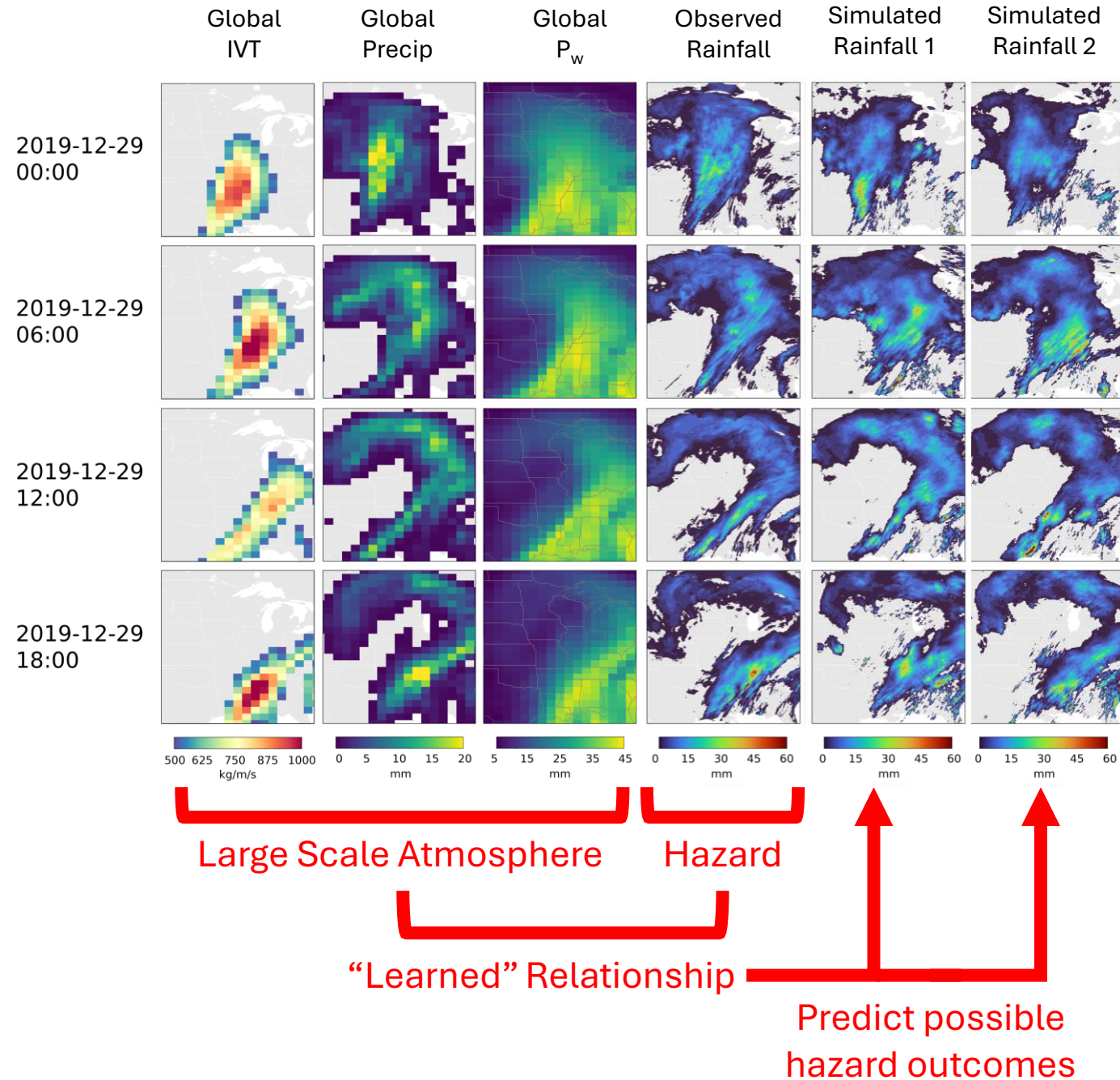
**Regional Models:**  
High resolution, computationally expensive (limited simulation periods and scenarios), likely biased



# Approach

**Key point:** SCS are fine-scale phenomena embedded in large-scale atmosphere

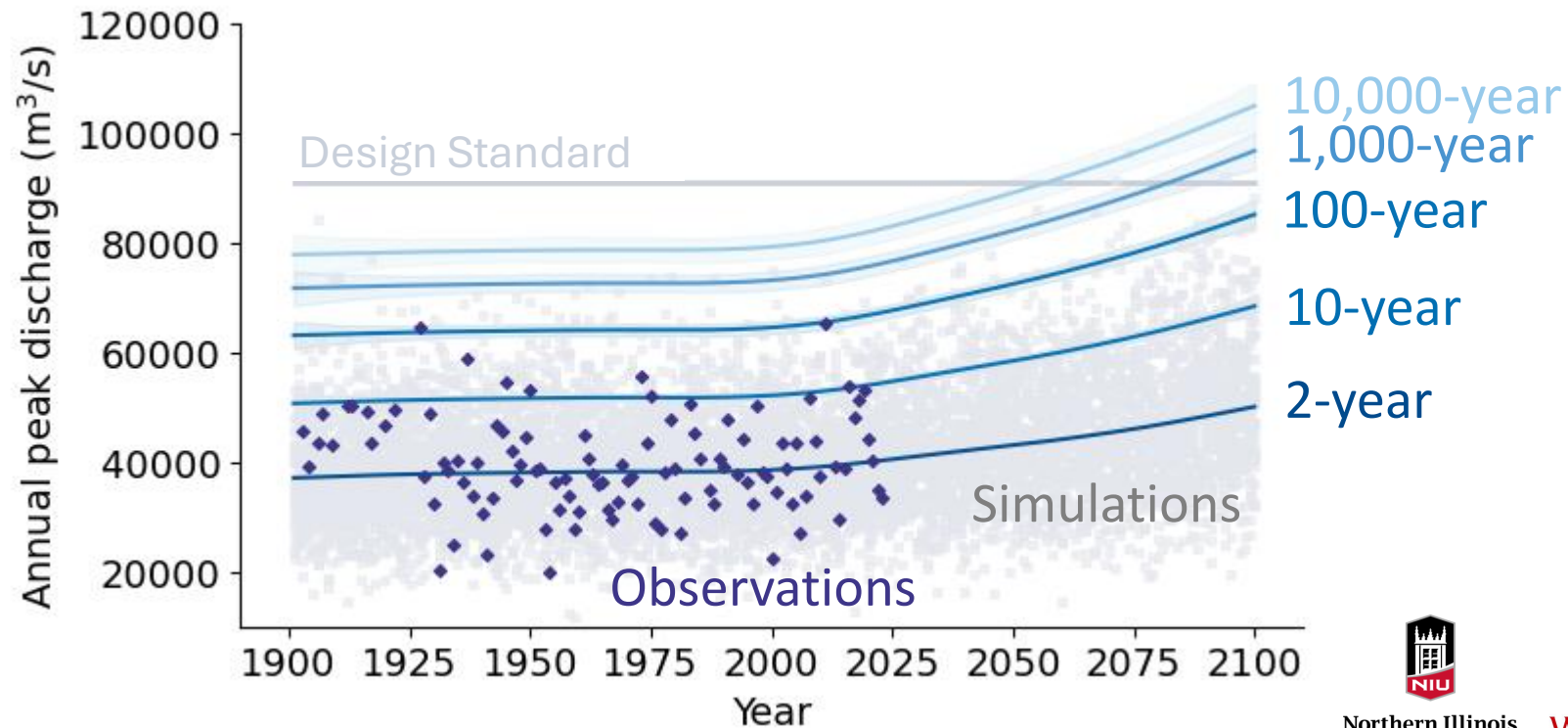
- Large scale provides important but insufficient info on hail outcomes
- Multiple SCS outcomes are possible for a given large-scale condition
- By “learning” what is possible, we can **quickly simulate many plausible hazard possibilities** based on large-scale model predictions
- Will adapt existing open-source StormLab software
  - Liu et al. (2024)
  - <https://github.com/lorenliu13/StormLab>



# Approach

**Recent work:** Calculating past/present/future rainfall and flood return periods for Lower Mississippi River based on a large archive of climate model projections (Liu et al., 2024, 2025)

**Ongoing work:** hail proof-of-concept (thanks to AmFam!)



# Outcomes/Deliverables

## 1. Large hail event set for current/near future

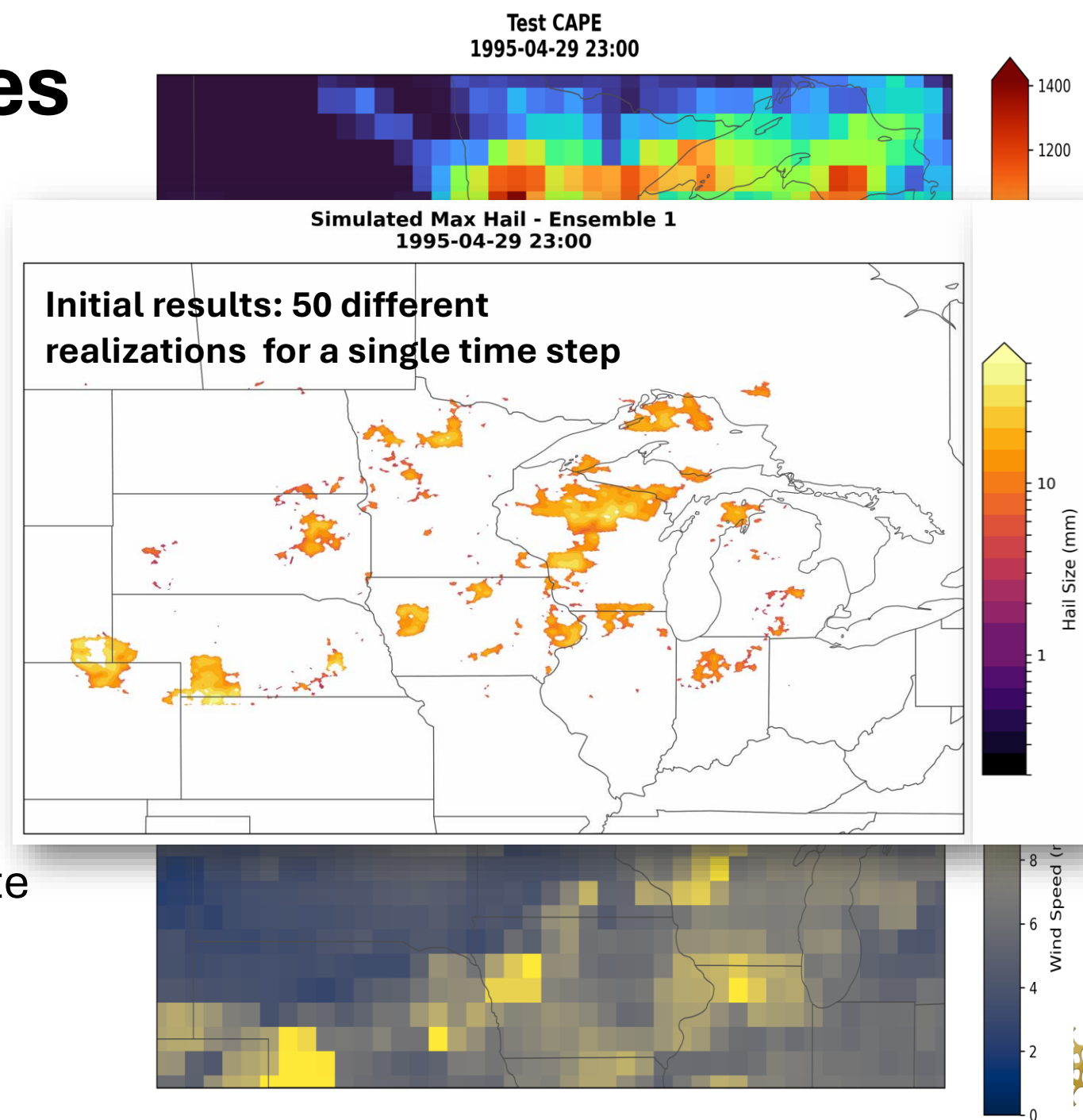
- Available to CIRCS members
- Flexible format/resolution

## 2. Open-source codebase with examples & documentation

- Members and CIRCS PIs can apply in new contexts

## 3. Role/value within CIRCS

- Rowe and L'Ecuyer, Bundy & Gensini: hail observations
- Pittman etc.: high-resolution climate attribution
- Strader and Ashley: hail impact modeling



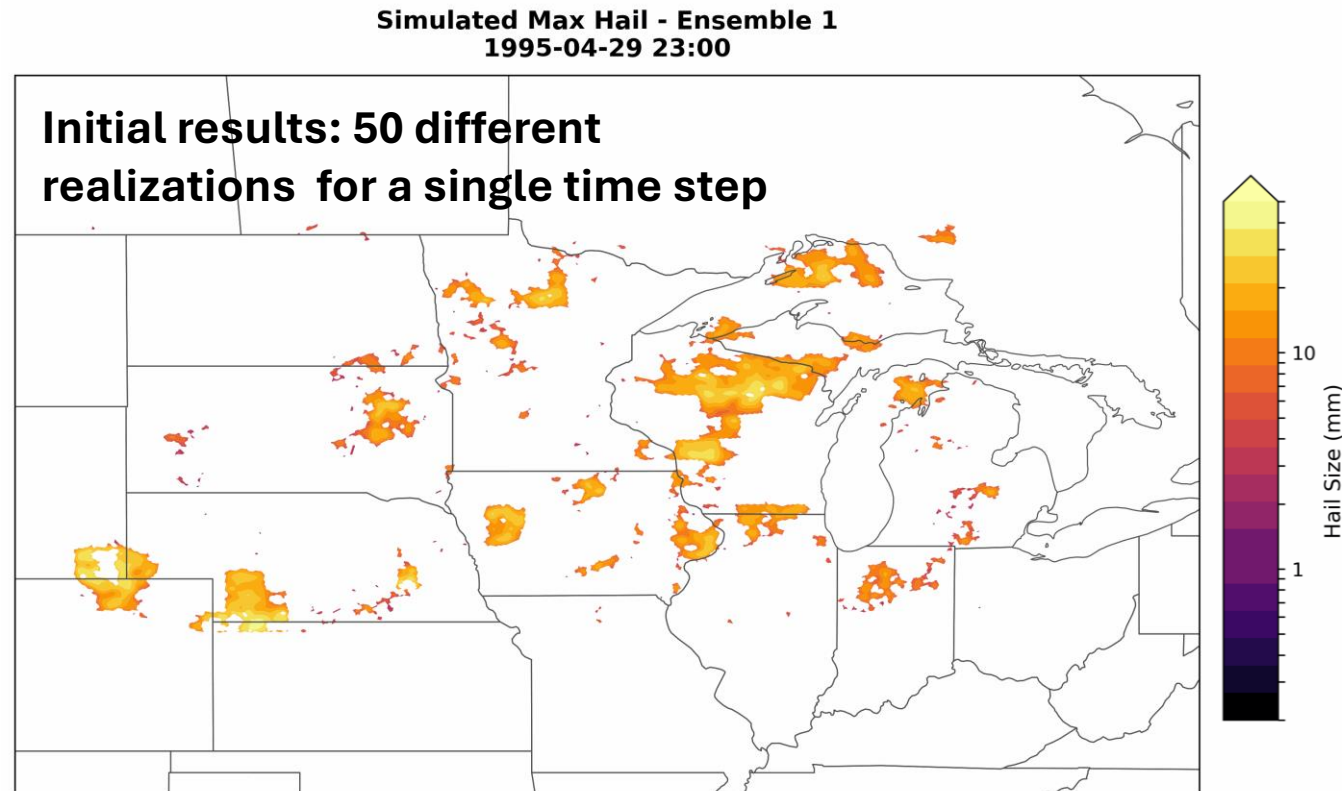
# Impact and Future Opportunities

## 1. New data & methods for hail risk assessment

- Estimated hail return periods and storm maps
- Applicable to other hazards (rainfall, wind)
- Insights into the value of regional & global models to understand hail risks

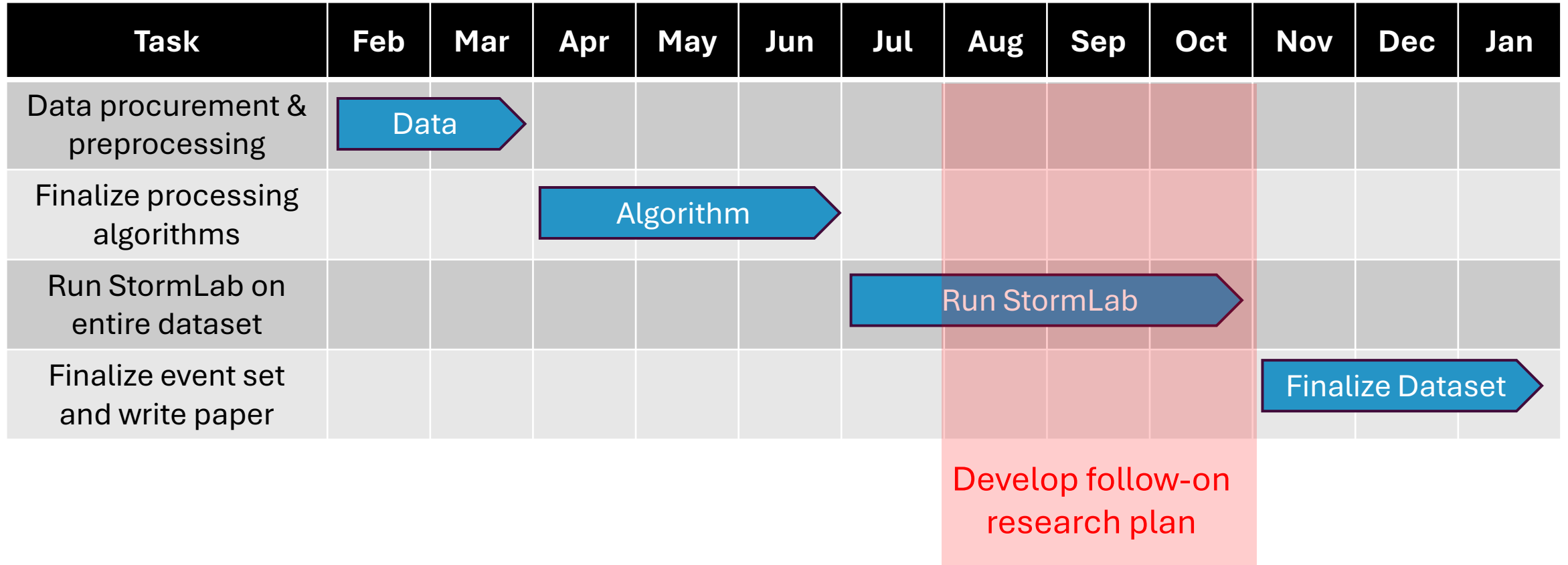
## 2. Long-Term Vision (Year 2+):

- Examine year-to-year and long-term variability in hail distributions
- Validate against hail observations and explore model-data fusion
- Leverage emerging model simulations



# Project Timeline

- Staffing: now-February 2027



# Project Budget

- **Personnel: \$103k**
  - PI Wright (2 weeks)
  - Postdoctoral Researcher (12 months)
  - Graduate Student stipend + tuition (4 months)
- **Travel: \$4k**
  - Travel to CIRCS annual meeting
  - Conference attendance and presentation (AGU 2026 or AMS 2027)
- **Other: \$2k**
  - Open-access publication fee
- **Total: \$109,000**

